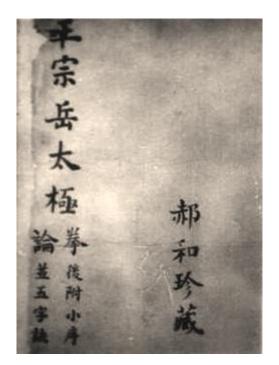
## THE TAIJI CLASSICS

Posted on May 25, 2013 by Paul Brennan



## 郝和珍藏 FOR HAO WEIZHEN TO CHERISH: 王宗岳太極拳論 後附小序並五字訣 "WANG ZONGYUE'S TAIJI BOXING TREATISE" APPENDED WITH MY PREFACE & "FIVE-WORD FORMULA" [A manual handwritten by Li Yiyu, presented to his student, Hao He (Weizhen) – 1881]

## 山右王宗岳太極拳論 THE TAIJI BOXING TREATISE OF WANG ZONGYUE OF SHANXI

太極者。無極而生。陰陽之母也。動之則分。静之則合。無過不及。隨曲就伸。人剛 我柔。謂之走。我順人背。謂之粘。動急則急應。動緩則緩隨。雖變化萬端。而理唯 一貫。由著熟而漸悟懂劤。由懂劤而階及神明。然非用力之久。不能豁然貫通焉。虚 領頂劤。氣沈丹田。不偏不倚。忽隱忽現。左重則左虚。右重則右杳。仰之則彌髙。 俯之則彌深。進之則愈長。退之則愈促。一羽不能加。蠅虫不能落。人不知我。我獨 知人。英雄所向無敵。蓋皆由此而及也。斯技旁門甚多。雖勢有區別。概不外壯欺弱 。慢讓快耳。有力打無力。手慢讓手快。是皆先天自然之能。非關學力而有也。察四 兩撥千斤之句。顯非力勝。觀耄耋禦衆之形。快何能為。立如枰準。活似車輪。偏沈 則隨。雙重則滯。每見數年純功。不能運化者。率皆自為人制。雙重之病未悟耳。欲 避此病。須知陰陽。粘即是走。走即是粘。陽不離陰。陰不離陽。陰陽相濟。方為懂 劤。懂劤後愈練愈精。默識揣摩。漸至從心所欲。本是舍已從人。多悞舍近求遠。所 謂差之毫厘。謬之千里。學者不可不詳辨焉。是為論。 Taiji ["grand polarity"] is born of wuji ["nonpolarity"], and is the mother of yin and yang [the passive and active aspects]. When there is movement, they [passive and active] become distinct from each other. When there is stillness, they return to being indistinguishable.

Neither going too far nor not far enough, comply and bend then engage and extend. He is hard while I am soft – this is yielding. My energy is smooth while his energy is coarse – this is sticking. If he moves fast, I quickly respond, and if his movement is slow, I leisurely follow. Although there is an endless variety of possible scenarios, there is only this single principle [of yielding and sticking] throughout.

Once you have ingrained these techniques, you will gradually come to identify energies, and then from there you will work your way toward something miraculous. But unless you practice a lot over a long time, you will never have a breakthrough.

With your headtop pressing up naturally and energy sinking down to your elixir field, there will be no leaning in any direction. Suddenly vanish then suddenly manifest. If he puts pressure on my left side, my left side empties, or if he puts pressure on my right side, my right side disappears. If he tries to find me above, he has to keep reaching higher, or if he tries to find me below, he has to keep reaching lower. When he advances, he cannot get to me, but once he retreats, he cannot get away from me. A feather cannot be added and a fly cannot land. He does not know me, only I know him. A hero is one who encounters no opposition, and it is through this kind of method that such a condition is achieved.

There are many other schools of martial arts besides this one. Although the postures are different between them, they generally do not go beyond the strong bullying the weak and the slow yielding to the fast. The strong beating the weak and the slow submitting to the fast are both a matter of inherent natural ability and bear no relation to skill that is learned. Examine the phrase "four ounces moves a thousand pounds", which is clearly not a victory obtained through strength. Or consider the sight of an old man repelling a group, which could not come from an aggressive speed.

Standing like a scale, move like a wheel. If you drop one side, you can move, but if you have equal pressure on both sides, you will be stuck. We often see one who has practiced hard for many years yet is unable to perform any neutralizations and is generally under the opponent's control, and the issue here is that this error of double pressure has not yet been understood.

If you want to avoid this error, you must understand passive and active. In sticking there is yielding and in yielding there is sticking. The active does not depart from the passive and the passive does not depart from the active, for the passive and active exchange roles. Once you have this understanding, you will be identifying energies. Once you are identifying energies, then the more you practice, the more efficient your skill will be, and by absorbing through experience and by constantly contemplating, gradually you will reach the point that you can do whatever you want.

The basic of basics is to forget about your plans and simply respond to the opponent. We often make the mistake of ignoring what is right in front of us in favor of something that has nothing to do with our immediate circumstances. For such situations it is said: "Miss by an inch, lose by a mile." You must understand all this clearly. That is why it has been written down for you.

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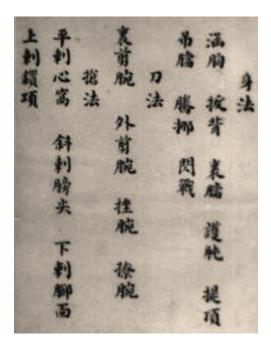
十三勢架

THE THIRTEEN DYNAMICS SOLO SET

懶扎衣 [1] TUCK IN THE ROBE 單鞭 [2] SINGLE WHIP 提手上勢 [3] RAISE THE HAND 白鵝亮翅 [4] WHITE GOOSE SHOWS ITS WINGS 摟膝抝步 [5] BRUSH THE KNEE IN A CROSSED STANCE 手揮琵琶勢 [6] PLAY THE LUTE 摟膝抝步 [7] BRUSH KNEE IN A CROSSED STANCE 手揮琵琶勢 [8] PLAY THE LUTE 上步搬攬垂 [9] STEP FORWARD, PARRY, TAKE IN, PUNCH 如封似閉 [10] SEALING SHUT 抱虎推山 [11] CAPTURE THE TIGER AND PUSH IT BACK TO ITS MOUNTAIN 單鞭 [12] SINGLE WHIP 肘底看垂 [13] GUARDING PUNCH UNDER THE ELBOW 倒輦猴 [14] TURN AROUND TO DRIVE AWAY THE MONKEY 白鵝亮翅 [15] WHITE GOOSE SHOWS ITS WINGS 摟膝抝步 [16] BRUSH KNEE IN A CROSSED STANCE 三甬背 [17] THREE THROUGH THE BACK 單鞭 [18] SINGLE WHIP 紜手 [19] TANGLING HANDS 高探馬 [20] RISING UP AND REACHING OUT TO THE HORSE 左右起脚 [21] LIFTING KICK TO BOTH SIDES 轉身踢一脚 [22] TURN AROUND, SNAPPING KICK 踐步打垂 [23] STEP SUCCESSIVELY, PUNCH 翻身二起 [24] TURN AROUND, DOUBLE KICK 披身 [25] DRAPE THE BODY 踢一脚 [26] SNAPPING KICK 蹬一脚 [27] PRESSING KICK

上步搬攬垂 [28] STEP FORWARD, PARRY, TAKE IN, PUNCH 如封似閉 [29] SEALING SHUT 抱虎推山 [30] CAPTURE THE TIGER AND PUSH IT BACK TO ITS MOUNTAIN 斜單鞭 [31] DIAGONAL SINGLE WHIP 野馬分鬃 [32] WILD HORSE PARTS ITS MANE 單鞭 [33] SINGLE WHIP 玉女穿梭 [34] MAIDEN WORKS THE SHUTTLE 單鞭 [35] SINGLE WHIP 紜手下勢 [36] TANGLING HANDS, LOWERING 更鷄獨立 [37] ROOSTER STANDS ON ONE LEG 倒輦猴 [38] TURN AROUND TO DRIVE AWAY THE MONKEY 白鵝亮翅 [39] WHITE GOOSE SHOWS ITS WINGS 摟膝抝步 [40] BRUSH KNEE IN A CROSSED STANCE 三甬背 [41] THREE THROUGH THE BACK 單鞭 [42] SINGLE WHIP 紜手 [43] TANGLING HANDS 高探馬 [44] RISING UP AND REACHING OUT TO THE HORSE 十字擺連 [45] CROSSED-BODY SWINGING LOTUS KICK 上步指襠捶 [46] STEP FORWARD, PUNCH TO THE CROTCH 單鞭 [47] SINGLE WHIP 上步七星 [48] STEP FORWARD WITH THE BIG DIPPER 下步跨虎 [49] STEP BACK TO RIDE THE TIGER 轉脚擺連 [50] REVOLVING-BASE SWINGING LOTUS KICK 彎弓射虎

[51] BEND THE BOW TO SHOOT THE TIGER
雙抱垂
[52] DOUBLE PUNCH
手揮琵琶勢
[53] PLAY THE LUTE



## 身法 BODY STANDARDS

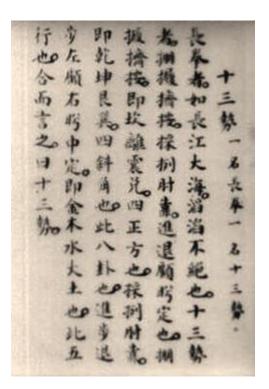
涵胸 拔背
Hollow your chest and round your back.
裹襠 護肫
Wrap your crotch and shield your belly.
提頂 吊襠
Lift your headtop and tuck in your tailbone.
騰挪 閃戰
Always be ready and then get it over with in a flash.

## 刀法 SABER STANDARDS

裏剪腕 - inward cut to the wrist 外剪腕 - outward cut to the wrist 挫腕 - blocking cut to the wrist 撩腕 – raising cut to the wrist

槍法 <u>SPEAR STANDARDS</u>

平刺心窩 - level stab to the solar plexus 斜刺膀尖 - diagonal stab to the arm 下刺腳靣 - downward stab to the foot 上刺鎖項 - upward stab to the throat



## 十三勢 一名長拳一名十三勢 THE THIRTEEN DYNAMICS (ALSO KNOWN AS LONG BOXING)

長拳者。如長江大海。滔滔不絕也。十三勢者。掤捋擠按。採挒肘靠。進退顧盻定也。掤捋擠按。即坎離震兑。四正方也。採挒肘靠。即乾坤艮巽。四斜角也。此八卦也。進**步退步左顧右盻中定。即金木水火土也。此五行也。合而言之。曰十三勢。** Long Boxing: it is like a long river flowing into the wide ocean, on and on ceaselessly...

The thirteen dynamics are: warding off, rolling back, pressing, pushing, plucking, rending, elbowing, bumping, advancing, retreating, stepping to the left, stepping to the right, and staying in the center.

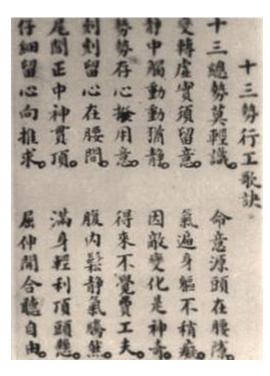
Warding off, rolling back, pressing, pushing, plucking, rending, elbowing, and bumping relate to the eight trigrams:

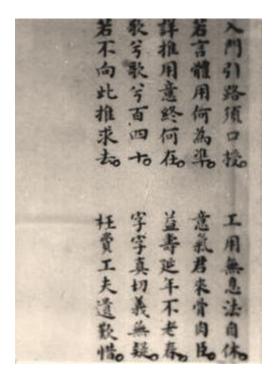
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Warding off, rolling back, pressing, and pushing correspond to  $\blacksquare$ ,  $\blacksquare$ ,  $\blacksquare$ , and  $\blacksquare$  in the four principle compass directions [meaning simply that these are the primary techniques]. Plucking, rending, elbowing, and bumping correspond to  $\blacksquare$ ,  $\blacksquare$ ,  $\blacksquare$ , and  $\blacksquare$  in the four corner directions [i.e. are the secondary techniques].

Advancing, retreating, stepping to the left, stepping to the right, and staying in the center relate to metal, wood, water, fire, and earth – the five elements.

These combined [8+5] are called the Thirteen Dynamics.





## 十三勢行工歌訣 SONG OF PRACTICING THE THIRTEEN DYNAMICS

十三總勢莫輕識。	命意源頭在腰隙。
變轉虚實須留意。	氣遍身軀不稍癡。
静中觸動動猶静。	因敵變化是神奇。
勢勢存心揆用意。	得來不覺費工夫。
刻刻留心在腰間。	腹内鬆静氣騰然。
尾閭正中神貫頂。	滿身輕利頂頭懸。
仔細留心向推求。	屈伸開合聼自由。
入門引路須口授。	工用無息法自休。
若言體用何為凖。	意氣君來骨肉臣。
詳推用意終何在。	益夀延年不老春。
歌兮歌兮百四十。	字字真切義無疑。
若不向此推求去。	枉費工夫遺歎惜。

Do not neglect any of the thirteen dynamics, their command coming from your lower back. You must pay attention to the alternation of empty and full, then energy will flow through your whole body without getting stuck anywhere.

In stillness, movement stirs, and then in moving, seem yet to be in stillness, for the magic lies in making adjustments based on being receptive to the opponent. In every movement, very deliberately control it by the use of intention, for once you achieve that, it will all be effortless.

At every moment, pay attention to your waist, for if there is relaxation and stillness within your belly, energy is primed. Your tailbone is centered and spirit penetrates to your headtop, thus your whole body will be nimble and your headtop will be pulled up as if suspended.

Pay careful attention in your practice that you are letting bending and extending, contracting and expanding, happen as the situation requires.

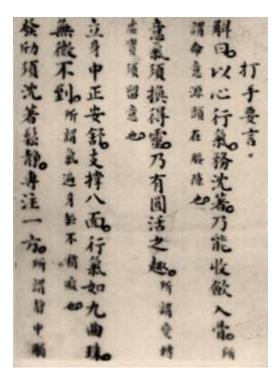
Beginning the training requires personal instruction, but mastering the art depends on your own unceasing effort.

Whether we are discussing in terms of theory or function, what is the constant? It is that mind is sovereign and body is subject.

If you think about it, what is emphasizing the use of intention going to lead you to? To a longer life and a longer youth.

Repeatedly recite the words above,

all of which speak clearly and hence their ideas come through without confusion. If you pay no heed to those ideas, you will go astray in your training, and you will find you have wasted your time and be left with only sighs of regret.



28 CL. 10 12 影 前心 EVL 正 唐 為 伸簧 中 私会 開氣 神 君 貫 嶺 合運 氣 聽 So 頂 두 当 脅 為 自務 内旗 由順 9 也济 臣主申 輕 利 也為 乃 能 頂 È 便 肺 頸 悉 身 利 為 從 \* 驅 icio 使 所 所 調

打手要言

ESSENTIALS OF PLAYING HANDS [PART 1 (a commentary to the Song as well as the beginning of early version of Understanding How to Practice)]

解曰。以心行氣。務沈著。乃能收歛入骨。所謂命意源頭在腰隙也。 意氣須換得靈。乃有圓活之趣。所謂變轉虚實須留意也。 立身中正安舒。支撑八面。行氣如九曲珠。無微不到。所謂氣逼身軀不稍癡也。 發劤須沈著鬆静。專注一方。所謂静中觸動動猶静也。 往復須有摺叠。進退須有轉換。所謂因敵變化是神奇也。 曲中求直。蓄而後發。所謂勢勢存心揆用意。刻刻留心在腰間也。 精神提得起。則無遲重之虞。所謂腹内鬆静氣騰然也。 虚領頂劤。氣沈丹田。不偏不倚。所謂尾閭正中神貫頂。滿身輕利頂頭懸也。 以運氣運身。務順遂。乃能便利從心。所謂屈伸開合聽自由也。 心為令。旗氣為旗。神為主帥。身為驅使。所謂意氣君來骨肉臣也。 To clarify [the exercise of playing hands]:

Use your mind to move energy. You must get the energy to sink. It is then able to gather into your spine. The Song says: "The command coming from your lower back."

Your mind must perform alternations nimbly, and then you will have the qualities of roundness and liveliness. The Song says: "You must pay attention to the alternation of empty and full."

Your posture must be straight and comfortable, so as to brace in all directions. Move energy as though through a winding-path pearl, penetrating even the smallest nook. The Song says: "Energy will flow through your whole body without getting stuck anywhere."

When issuing power, you must be calm, relaxed, and still, so as to concentrate it in one direction. The Song says: "In stillness, movement stirs, and then in moving, seem yet to be in stillness."

In the back and forth [of the arms], there must be folding. In the advance and retreat [of the feet], there must be variation. The Song says [itself quoting Sunzi]: "The magic lies in making adjustments based on being receptive to the opponent."

Within curving, seek to be straightening. Store and then issue. The Song says: "In every movement, very deliberately control it by the use of intention." And also: "At every moment, pay attention to your waist."

If you raise your spirit, then you will be free from worry of being slow or weighed down. The Song says: "If there is relaxation and stillness within your belly, energy is primed."

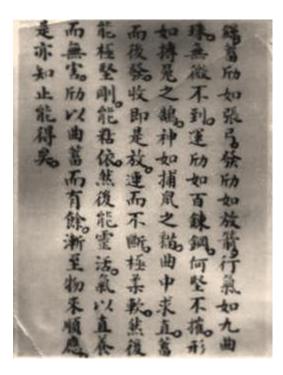
With your headtop pressing up naturally and energy sinking down to your elixir field, there will be no leaning in any direction. The Song says: "Your tailbone is centered and spirit penetrates to your headtop, thus your whole body will be nimble and your headtop will be pulled up as if suspended."

Use energy to move your body. You must get the energy to be smooth. Your body can then easily obey your mind. The Song says: "Let bending and extending, contracting and expanding, happen as the situation requires."

Your mind makes the command and the energy is its signal flag. Your spirit is the general and your body is the army. The Song says: "Mind is sovereign and body is subject."

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# [ESSENTIALS OF PLAYING HANDS – PART 2 (early version of Understanding How to Practice continued)]

解曰。身雖動。心貴静。氣須歛。神宜舒。心為令。氣為旗。神為主帥。身為驅使。 刻刻留意。方有所得。先在心。後在身。在身則不知手之舞之足之蹈之。所謂一氣呵 成。舍已從人。引進落空。四兩撥千斤也。須知一動無有不動。一静無有不静。視動 猶静。視静猶動。內固精神。外示安逸。須要從人。不要由已。從人則活。由已則滯 。尚氣者無力。養氣者純剛。彼不動已不動。彼微動已先動。以已依人。務要知已。 乃能隨轉隨接。以已粘人。必須知人。乃能不後不先。精神能提得起。則無雙重之虞 。粘依能跟得靈。方見落空之妙。往復須分陰陽。進退須有轉合。機由已發。力從人 借。發劤須上下相隨。乃一往無敵。立身須中正不偏。能八面支撑。静如山岳。動若 江河。邁步如臨淵。運劤如抽絲。蓄劤如張弓。發劤如放箭。行氣如九曲珠。無微不 到。運劤如百鍊鋼。何堅不摧。形如搏兔之鵠。神如捕鼠之貓。曲中求直。蓄而後發 。收即是放。連而不斷。極柔軟。然後能極堅剛。能粘依。然後能靈活。氣以直養而 無害。劤以曲蓄而有餘。漸至物來順應。是亦知止能得矣。 To further clarify:

Although your body moves, your mind should be still, energy must gather, and spirit should be at ease. Your mind makes the command and the energy is its signal flag. Your spirit is the general and your body is the army.

If you pay attention at every moment, there is always an advantage to be had.

First in your mind, then in your body. Once in your body, you will not be aware of the movements of your hands and feet.

It is said: "In an uninterrupted flow from beginning to end, let go of your plans and just respond to the opponent, draw him in to land on nothing, and with four ounces of force move his of a thousand pounds."

You must keep in mind: if one part moves, every part moves, and if one part is still, every part is still. Regard movement as stillness and stillness as movement.

Inwardly bolster spirit. Outwardly show ease.

You must act according to your opponent, not try to do things from yourself, for if you go

along with your opponent, you can act spontaneously, but if you act from yourself, you will get bogged down.

If you obsess over the energy, there will be no power, whereas if you ignore the energy and thereby nurture it, there will be pure strength.

If he takes no action, I take no action, but once he takes even the slightest action, I have already acted.

For you to follow him, you have to know yourself, and then you can adapt and connect to him. For you to stick to him, you have to know him, and then you will be neither too late nor too early.

If you can raise your spirit, then you will not have to worry about double pressure. If in sticking to the opponent you can follow him alertly, then you will find the ability to unbalance him.

In the back and forth [of the arms], there must be distinguishing between passive and active. In the advance and retreat [of the feet], there must be both variation and coherence.

If an opportunity comes from yourself, go ahead and shoot, but when force comes from your opponent, borrow it.

When you issue power, there must be coordination between above and below, and then directed at an undefended area. Your posture must be straight and not leaning in any direction, so as to be able to brace in all directions.

In stillness, be like a mountain. In movement, be like a river.

Step as if near a cliff edge. Move energy as if drawing silk.

Store power like drawing a bow. Issue power like loosing an arrow.

Move energy as though through a winding-path pearl, penetrating even the smallest nook. Wield power like tempered steel, so strong there is nothing tough enough to stand up against it.

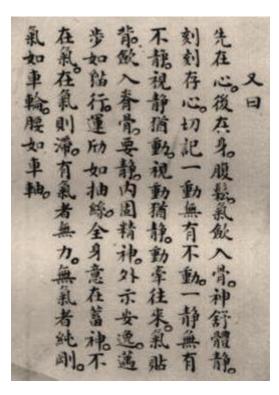
The shape is like a falcon capturing a rabbit. The spirit is like a cat pouncing on a mouse.

Within curving, seek to be straightening. Store and then issue. To gather is to release, for there is no discontinuity between the two moments.

If you can be extremely soft, then you can be extremely hard. If you can stick and follow, then you can be nimble.

By nurturing energy with integrity, it will not be corrupted. By storing power in crooked parts, it will be in abundant supply.

Gradually you will reach a point in which everything you do is a response [rather than an initiation of attempt], and thus you will achieve the condition of dispensing with greed and thereby getting what you want.



#### [ESSENTIALS OF PLAYING HANDS – PART 3]

#### 又曰

先在心。後在身。腹鬆。氣歛入骨。神舒體静。刻刻存心。切記一動無有不動。一静 無有不静。視静猶動。視動猶静。動牽往來。氣貼背。歛入脊骨。要静。内固精神。 外示安逸。邁步如貓行。運劤如抽絲。全身意在蓄神。不在氣。在氣則滯。有氣者無 力。無氣者純剛。氣如車輪。腰如車軸。

## In addition:

First in your mind, then in your body. With your abdomen relaxed, energy collects into your bones. Spirit comfortable, body calm – at every moment be mindful of this.

Always remember: if one part moves, every part moves, and if one part is still, every part is still. Regard stillness as movement and movement as stillness.

As the movement leads back and forth, energy sticks to your back, gathers in your spine, and there should be stillness.

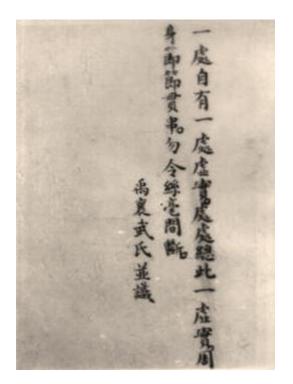
Inwardly bolster spirit. Outwardly show ease.

Step like a cat. Move energy as if drawing silk.

Throughout your body, your mind should be on the spirit rather than on the energy, for if you are fixated on the energy, your movement will become sluggish. Whenever your mind is on the energy, there will be no power, whereas if you ignore the energy and let it take care of itself, there will be pure strength.

The energy is like a wheel. The waist is like an axle.

缺陷處無使有四凸處無使有斷續處具要一線串成氣宜鼓遠神宜內 能無使有	不外起承轉合始而意動既而防動轉接	每一動惟手先著力隨即鬆開循須貫串。	又曰	将展未展励断意不断。	已不動彼微動已先動似鬆非影	又曰
根自鄭乃壞之速而無疑虛實宜分清楚下意若物將掀起而加以推之之九斯其	前即有後有左即有右如意要向上即罵	然凡此皆是意不是外面有上即有下有	倚其病必於腰腿求之上下前後左右皆	機得勢有不得機勢處身便散亂必至偏	而題而聽總須完整一氣向前退後乃得	根在胸發於提主掌於腰形於手指由脚



## [ESSENTIALS OF PLAYING HANDS – PART 4]

#### 又曰

彼不動。已不動。彼微動。已先動。似鬆非鬆。將展未展。劤斷意不斷。 In addition:

If he takes no action, I take no action, but once he takes even the slightest action, I have already acted. It seems relaxed but not relaxed, about to express but not yet expressing. Although the power finishes, the intent of it continues.

#### [ESSENTIALS OF PLAYING HANDS – PART 5]

#### 又曰

**每一動惟手先著力。隨即鬆開。猶須貫串。不外起承轉合。始而意**動。既而劤動。轉 接要一線串成。氣宜鼓盪。神宜內歛。無使有缺陷處。無使有凹凸。處。無使有斷續 處。其根在脚。發於腿。主宰於腰。形於手指。由脚而腿而腰。總須完整一氣。向前 退後。乃得機得勢。有不得機勢處。身便散亂。必至偏倚。其病必於腰腿求之。上下 前後左右皆然。凡此皆是意。不是外面。有上即有下。有前即有後。有左即有右。如 意要向上。即寓下意。若物將掀起。而加以挫之之力。斯其根自斷。乃壞之速而無疑 。虛實宜分清楚。一處自有一處虛實。處處總此一虛實。周身節節貫串。勿令絲毫間 斷。

In addition:

Every movement is a technique of first putting forth strength and then immediately relaxing, yet always there must be continuity from one to other, and there is never to be a departure from the four stages of "begin, develop, transmit, and finish". First the intention moves, then the power is moved, and the transition from one to the other should connect them together into a single action. Energy should be roused and spirit should be collected within. Do not allow there to be cracks or gaps anywhere, pits or protrusions anywhere, breaks in the flow anywhere.

Starting from your foot, issue through your leg, directing it at your waist, and expressing it

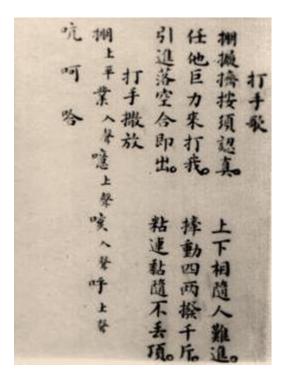
at your fingers. From foot through leg through waist, it must be a fully continuous process, and whether advancing or retreating, you will then gain the opportunity and the position. If you do not gain the opportunity and the position, your body will be in disorder, inevitably causing you to lean all over the place. The problem must be in your waist and legs, so look for it there, for whatever the direction of the movement – up, down, front, back, left, right – that is where the problem lies.

All of these things are matters of intention, and are not external. With an upward comes a downward, with a forward comes a backward, and with a left comes a right. If your intention wants to go upward, then harbor a downward intention, like when you reach down to lift up an object. You thereby add a setback to the opponent's own intention, thus he cuts his own root and is defeated quickly and certainly.

Empty and full must be distinguished clearly. In each part there is a part that is empty and a part that is full. Everywhere it is always like this, an emptiness and a fullness. Throughout your body, as the movement goes from one section to another there has to be connection. Do not allow the slightest break in the connection.

禹襄武氏並識

(This [the Essentials] was all written by Wu Yuxiang.)



## 打手歌 PLAYING HANDS SONG

掤捋擠按須認真。上下相隨人難進。
任他巨力來打我。捧動四两撥千斤。
引進落空合即出。粘連黏隨不丢頂。
Ward-off, rollback, press, and push must be taken seriously.
With coordination between above and below, the opponent will hardly find a way in.
I will let him attack me with as much power as he likes,
for I will tug with four ounces of force to move his of a thousand pounds.

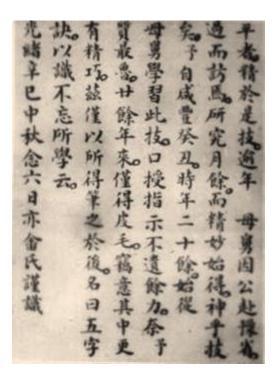
*Guiding him in to land on nothing, I then close on him and send him away. I stick to him and go along with his movement instead of coming away or crashing in.* 

打手撒放 PLAYING HANDS RELEASINGS

掤上平 業入聲 噫上聲 咳入聲 呼上聲 吭 呵 哈 "Peng!" "Ye!" "Yi!" "Hai!" "Hu!" "Keng!" "He!" "Ha!"

[There is no indication that these eight shouts, grunts, or growls have specific functions or are aligned with particular techniques. It is possibly nothing more than a general catalogue of the sounds people make when issuing power, perhaps intended as a simple reminder not to hold your breath when doing so.]

100 E 明 詳 H 看 同 10 女 致 鈙 人口 我 瀆 Ŧ 孟 郡 719 高 南 聂 伯 樹 見 絊 15 而



## 太極拳小序 TAIJI BOXING PREFACE

太極拳不知始自何人。其精微巧妙。王宗岳論詳且盡矣。後傳至河南陳家溝。陳姓。 神而明者。代不數人。我郡南闗楊某。愛而往學焉。專心致志。十有餘年。備極精巧 。旋里後。市諸同好。母舅武禹襄見而好之。常與比校。伊不肯輕以授人。僅能得其 大概。素聞豫省懷慶府趙堡鎮。有陳姓。名清平者。精於是技。逾年母舅因公赴豫省 。過而訪焉。研究月餘。而精妙始得。神乎技矣。予自咸豐癸丑。時年二十餘。始從 母舅學習此技。口授指示不遺餘力。奈予質最魯。廿餘年來。僅得皮毛。竊意其中更 有精巧。茲僅以所得筆之於後。名曰五字訣。以識不忘所學云。

## 光緒辛巳中秋念六日亦畬氏謹識

It is not known who Taiji Boxing came from. Its profound skill Wang Zongyue explains clearly and completely. Later its transmission reached the Chen family village in Henan. The Chens were very clever and understood it, but it was not passed down to many other people. A certain Yang, from our township of Nanguan, admired it and went to study it with a singleminded devotion for more than ten years, becoming extremely skillful. After returning home, he showed it to all those who would appreciate it.

My uncle on my mother's side, Wu Yuxiang, saw it and adored it, and constantly tried his luck against it, but Yang was not willing to teach just anyone, and so uncle could only get its general idea. It was often heard that in the town of Zhaobao in the Huaiqing prefecture of Henan, there was one of the Chen family, named Qingping, who was proficient in the skill. For more than a year, uncle was away on business in Henan. Passing Zhaobao on his way, he paid a visit and studied with Qingping for over a month. He started to obtain its marvels and became excellent in the skill.

In the fiftieth year of the cycle during the reign of Emperor Xianfeng [i.e. 1853], when I was just over twenty years old, I started to learn this skill from uncle, who spared no effort in instructing me. Alas, I am really stupid, and after more than twenty years I have only obtained a superficial level. Yet I can see what is exquisite in it, and so I have written a piece which follows, called the "Five-Word Formula", to remind myself what I have learned.

- written sincerely by Li Yiyu, twenty-sixth day of the second autumn month in the eighteenth year of the cycle during the reign of Emperor Guangxu [meaning Oct 18, 1881]

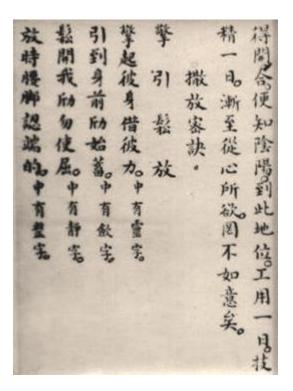
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而介間。春不上常在 也布氯 氣外 錄 調於 謂於之由 向五 青 カ F 氯 7 貫 左 開馬上 沈從這勢 虚 合於而由人緊 要 更 便施下雨借要有 有 右 雪 收手謂收由在柳右 能由形於氣運 占 懂下於腰由化熟非



## 五字訣 THE FIVE-WORD FORMULA

一日心静

1. The mind is CALM.

心不静則不專。一舉手前後左右全無定向。故要心静。起初舉動未能由已。要息心體 認。隨人所動。隨屈就伸。不丢不頂。勿自伸縮。彼有力我亦有力。我力在先。彼無 力我亦無力。我意仍在先。要刻刻留心。挨何處心要用在何處。須向不丢不頂中討消 息。從此做去。一年半載。便能施於身。此全是用意。不是用劤。久之則人為我制。 我不為人制矣。

If your mind is not calm, it will not be focused, and each movement of your hands, be it forward or back, left or right, will not be in any definite direction. Therefore your mind should be calm. At first your movement will not yet be able to come from yourself, and so you should clear your mind and let your body intuit, going along with the opponent's movements. Bend and then extend, neither coming away nor crashing in, and do not expand and contract on your own. When the opponent has power, I also have power, but my power beats him to the punch. When he has no power, I also have no power, for it is my intention that beats him to the decision. You should constantly pay attention. Wherever the opponent nears you, your mind should go there. You must neither come away nor crash in, and then you will be able to analyze what is going on. After doing this for about a year or so, it will become a natural part of you. This is entirely a matter of using intention and is not a matter of using strength. Over time, you will reach the point in which you can say "he is under my control and I am not under his".

二日身靈

2. The body is LIVELY.

身滯則進退不能自如。故要身靈。舉手不可有呆像。彼之力方碍我皮毛。我之意已入 彼骨裏。兩手支撑。一氣貫穿。左重則左虚。而右已去。右重則右虚。而左已去。氣 如車輪。周身**俱要相隨。有不相隨處。身便散亂。便不得力。其病於腰腿求之。先以** 心使身。從人不從已。後身能從心。由已仍是從人。由已則滯。從人則活。能從人手 上便有分寸。枰彼劤之大小。分厘不錯。權彼來之長短。毫髮無差。前進後退。處處 恰合。工彌久而技彌精矣。

When your body is sluggish, advancing and retreating cannot be done smoothly. Therefore your body should be lively. When moving your hands, there must be nothing resembling hesitation. When the opponent's force hinders even the hairs on my skin, my intention instantly enters his bones and my hands are bracing him, all as one event. If he puts pressure on my left side, I empty my left side and my right side goes forth, or if he puts pressure on my right side, I empty my right side and my left side goes forth, the energy like a wheel. Your whole body should be coordinated. If there is a lack of coordination anywhere, your body will then be disorganized, and you will then have no power. Seek for the problem in your hips. First use your mind to command your body, and follow the opponent rather than yourself. Later your body will be able to follow your mind, yet this moving from yourself will still depend on following the opponent. If you act from yourself, you will be sluggish. If you follow the opponent, you will be lively. If you can follow the opponent, your hands on him will detect in finer detail, weighing the size of his power and being accurate to the smallest measure, assessing the length of his attack and not being off by the slightest bit, and you will advance and retreat always at the right moment. The more you work at it, the more perfected your skill will be.

#### 三日氣歛

3. The energy is COLLECTED.

氣勢散漫。便無含蓄。身易散亂。務使氣歛入脊骨。呼吸通靈。周身罔間。吸為合為 蓄。呼為開為發。蓋吸則自然提得起。亦拏得人起。呼則自然沈得下。亦放得人出。 此是以意運氣。非以力使氣也。

If your energy is scattered, then it will not be stored, and your body will easily fall into disorder. You must cause the energy to collect into your spine. Inhaling and exhaling penetrates and enlivens, influencing every part of your body. Inhaling is contracting and storing. Exhaling is expanding and releasing. Since with inhaling there is a natural rising, take the opponent up. Since with exhaling there is a natural sinking, send the opponent away. This is the use of intention to move energy, not the use of exertion to force energy.

#### 四日劤整

4. The power is COMPLETE.

一身之劤。練成一家。分清虚實。發劤要有根源。劤起於脚根。主於腰間。形於手指。發於脊背。又要提起全付精神。於彼劤將出未發之際。我劤已接入彼劤。恰好不後 不先。如皮燃火。如泉湧出。前進後退。無絲毫散亂。曲中求直。蓄而後發。方能隨 手奏效。此謂借力打人。四兩撥千斤也。

The power of your whole body is trained to become a single unit, distinguishing clearly between empty and full. To issue power, there should be a source of it. Power starts from your heel, it is directed at your waist, and expresses at your fingers, issuing from your spine. With it there should also be a rousing of all your spirit. When the opponent's power is about to come out but has not yet issued, my power connects with and invades his instantly, neither late nor early, as if my skin is a burning fire or as if a spring is gushing forth. I advance and retreat without the slightest disorder, and seeking the straight within the curved, I store and then issue. Thus I am able to be effortlessly successful. This is called "borrowing his force to hit him with" or "using four ounces to move a thousand pounds".

五曰神聚

5. The spirit is GATHERED.

上四者俱備。總歸神聚。神聚則一氣鼓鑄。鍊氣歸神。氣勢騰挪。精神貫注。開合有 致。虚實清楚。左虚則右實。右虚則左實。虚非全然無力。氣勢要有騰挪。實非全然 占煞。精神要貴貫注。緊要全在胸中腰間運化。不在外面。力從人借。氣由脊發。胡 能氣由脊發。氣向下沈。由兩肩收於脊骨。注於腰間。此氣之由上而下也。謂之合。 由腰形於脊骨。布於兩膊。於施於手指。此氣之由下而上也。謂之開。合便是收。開 即是放。能懂得開合。便知陰陽。到此地位。工用一日。技精一日。漸至從心所欲。 罔不如意矣。

With the four above prepared, finally spirit gathers. Once spirit is gathered, then energy is tempered, and this smelted energy then reinforces spirit. Energy is ready to move and spirit is concentrated. Expanding and contracting are decisive. Emptiness and fullness are distinct. When left is empty, right is full. When right is empty, left is full. Empty does not mean you are in that area completely weak, but that energy should there be ready to move. Full does not mean you are in that area completely stuck, but that spirit should there be concentrated. It is crucial that changes are within your chest and waist and are not external. Force is borrowed from the opponent. Energy is issued from your spine. How can energy issue from your spine? It sinks downward, going from your shoulders, gathering in your spine, and concentrates in your waist. This energy going from above to below is called "contracting". Then it goes from your waist to your spine, spreading to your arms to be applied at your fingers. This energy going from below to above is called "expanding". Contracting is gathering. Expanding is releasing. When you can understand expanding and contracting, then you will understand passive and active. When you reach this state, then daily work will yield daily refinement, and gradually you will reach the point that you can do whatever you want and everything will happen as you imagine.

## 撒放密訣

## THE TRICK TO RELEASING

擎 引 鬆 放 Raise, draw in, relax, and release. 擎起彼身借彼力。中有靈字。 引到身前劤始蓄。中有歛字。 鬆開我劤勿使屈。中有静字。 放時腰脚認端的。中有整字。

I get the opponent's body to rise up and I borrow his force. (This has to do with "lively".) Once I have drawn him in front of me, my power begins to store. (This has to do with "collected".)

I relax my power, but I do not allow it to collapse. (This has to do with "calm".) When I release, it comes from my waist and legs. (This has to do with "complete".)

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所合 走不 架 得 F rl 20 里 義 是 力, 頂 40 。授 開 18 卖 E 不 不 間 舒 要 合工 31 問 快少 夫油 en 11 動 ネ 14 勢四 是 合 先 70 BD 1 問 122 Pt 自 L 渡 百 110 2 百 屫 也用

## 走架打手行工要言 ESSENTIALS IN PRACTICING THE SOLO SET & PLAYING HANDS

昔人云。能引進落空。能四兩撥千斤。不能引進落空。不能四兩撥千斤。語甚該括。 初學末由領悟。予加數語以解之。俾有志斯技者。得所從入。庶日進有功矣。欲要引 進落空。四兩撥千斤。先要知已知彼。欲要知已知彼。先要舍已從人。欲要舍已從人 。先要得機得勢。欲要得機得勢。先要周身一家。欲。要周身一家。先要周身無有缺 陷。要欲要周身無有缺陷。先要神氣鼓盪。欲要神氣鼓盪。先要提起精神。神不外散 。欲要神不外散。先要神氣收歛入骨。欲要神氣收歛入骨。先要兩股前節有力。兩肩 鬆開。氣向下沈。劤起於脚根。變換在腿。含蓄在胸。運動在兩肩。主宰在腰。上於 兩膊相繫。下於兩腿相隨。劤由内換。收便是合。放即是開。静則俱静。静是合。合 中寓開。動則俱動。動是開。開中寓合。觸之則旋轉自如。無不得力。纔能引進落空 。四兩撥千斤。平日走架。是知已工夫。一動勢先問自已周身合上數項不合。少有不 合。即速改換。走架所以要慢不要快。打手是知人工夫。動静固是知人。仍是問已。 自已安排得好。人一挨我。我不動彼絲毫。趁勢而入。接定彼劤。彼自跌出。如自已 有不得力處。便是雙重未化。要於陰陽開合中求之。所謂知已知彼百戰百勝也。 Someone long ago said: "If you can draw the opponent in to land on nothing, you can then use four ounces of force to move his of a thousand pounds. If you cannot draw the opponent in to land on nothing, you cannot use four ounces to move a thousand pounds." These words are probably too vague for a beginner to understand. I will explain further so that those who want this skill are in a position to begin and then after much regular training get to possess it:

- If you want to [10] draw the opponent into emptiness and use four ounces to move a thousand pounds, you must first [9] know both yourself and the opponent.

- If you want to know both yourself and the opponent, you must first [8] let go of your plans and just respond to the opponent.

- If you want to let go of your plans and just respond to the opponent, you must first [7] be in the right place at the right time.

- If you want to be in the right place at the right time, you must first [6] get your whole body to behave as one unit.

- If you want to get your whole body to behave as one unit, you must first [5] get your whole body to be without cracks or gaps.

- If you want to get your whole body to be without cracks or gaps, you must first [4] get your spirit and energy to be ready.

- If you want your spirit and energy to be ready, you must first [3] rouse your spirit rather than letting it be distracted.

- If you want to keep your spirit from being distracted, you must first [2] get your spirit and energy to gather and collect in your spine.

- If you want to get your spirit and energy to gather and collect in your spine, you must first [1] get the front of your thighs to have strength, get your shoulders to loosen, and get your energy to sink downward.

Power starts from your heel, is transferred through your leg, stored in your chest, moved at your shoulders, and controlled at your waist. In your upper body, your arms are connected with each other. In your lower body, your legs are coordinated with each other. Power is transferred from within. Gathering is contracting. Releasing is expanding. When becoming still, everything becomes still. Stillness refers to contracting. When contraction finishes, there will be expansion. When there is movement, everything moves. Movement refers to expanding. When expansion finishes, there will be contraction. Then when there is contact, you can turn smoothly and will be strong everywhere. You will then be able to draw the opponent in to land on nothing and use four ounces of force to move his of a thousand pounds.

Whenever you practice the solo set, it is the practice of knowing yourself. Before moving through the postures, make sure your whole body is in accord with the principles as stated above. When the slightest part is off, immediately adjust it. To facilitate this, the set should be done slowly rather than quickly.

Playing hands is then the practice of knowing the opponent. His movement and stillness must be firmly comprehended. Still examine yourself as well. If I am in good order myself, then when the opponent comes near me, I do not need to act upon him at all, but take advantage of his momentum to find a way in. Connecting firmly to his power, I let him cause himself to fall out. If you do not have a strong position, this is simply a case of double

pressure rather than neutralization, and you should seek within passive and active, or contracting and expanding, to fix it. It is said: "Knowing both yourself and your opponent, in a hundred battles you will have a hundred victories."